

TELKOM's Strategy and Innovation to Build Indonesia Digital Economy

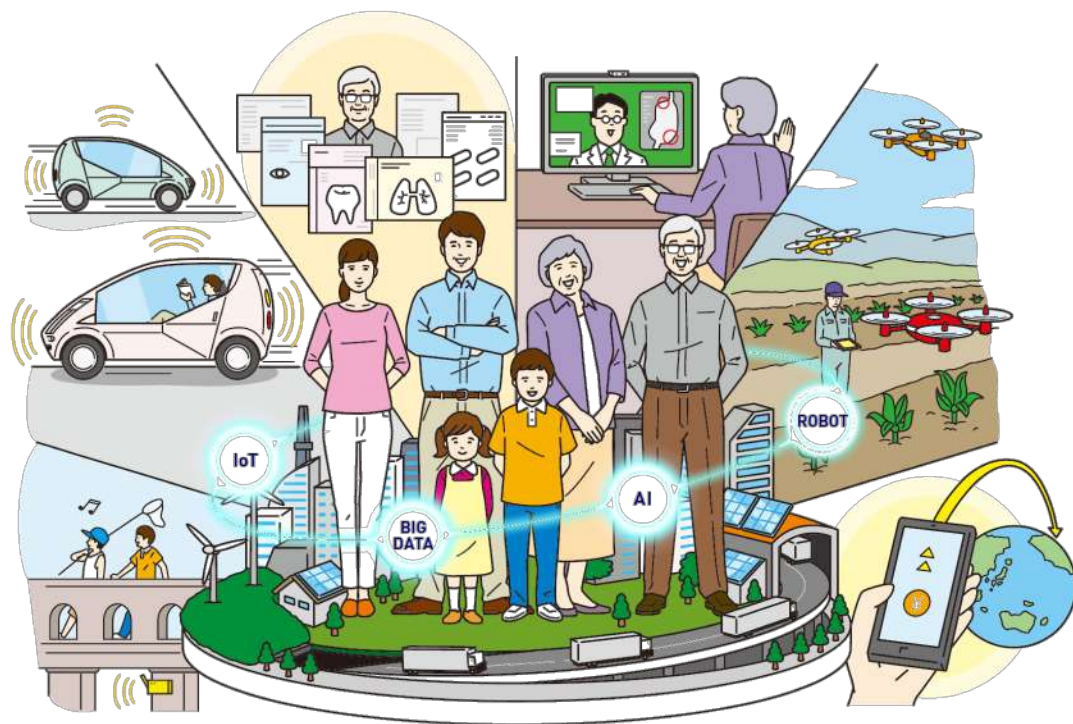
The Way Forward for Digital Business Transformation

**WE'RE HERE LIKE
NEVER
BEFORE**



SVP Media and Digital Business
& Pgs. EGM Divisi Digital Services
PT. Telekomunikasi Indonesia, Tbk..

OUTLINE:



1

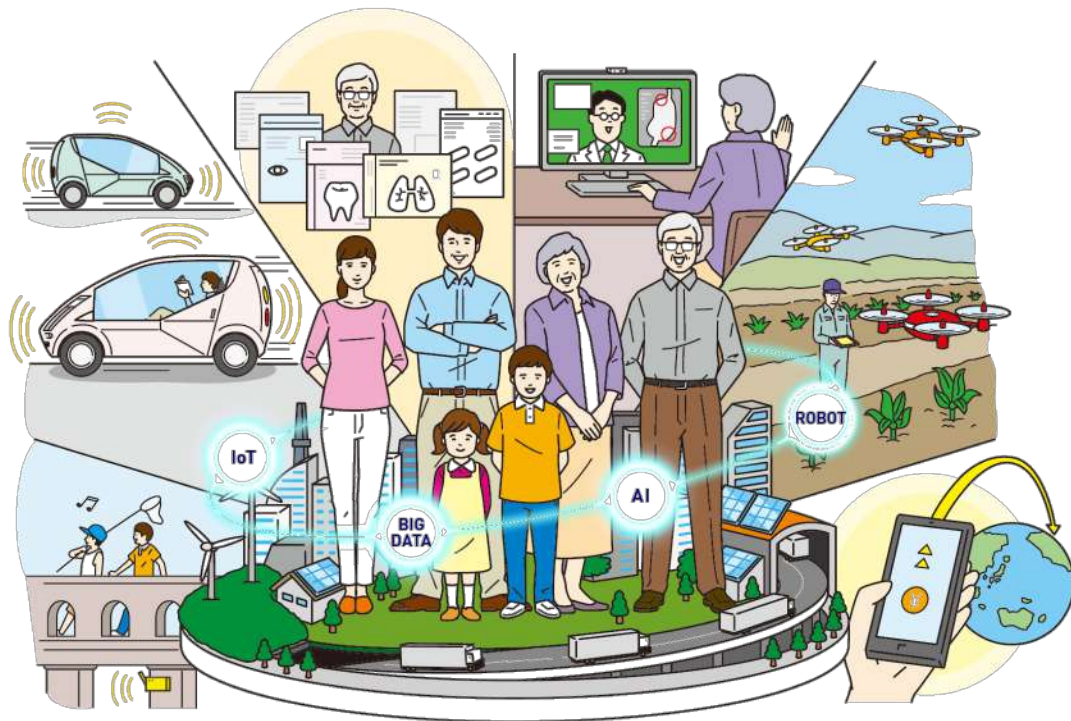
Digital Economy of Indonesia and
Global Telco Trend /Challenges

2

TELKOM's Transformation into
a Digital Telco

3

TELKOM's Innovation Model
and New Way of Working



1

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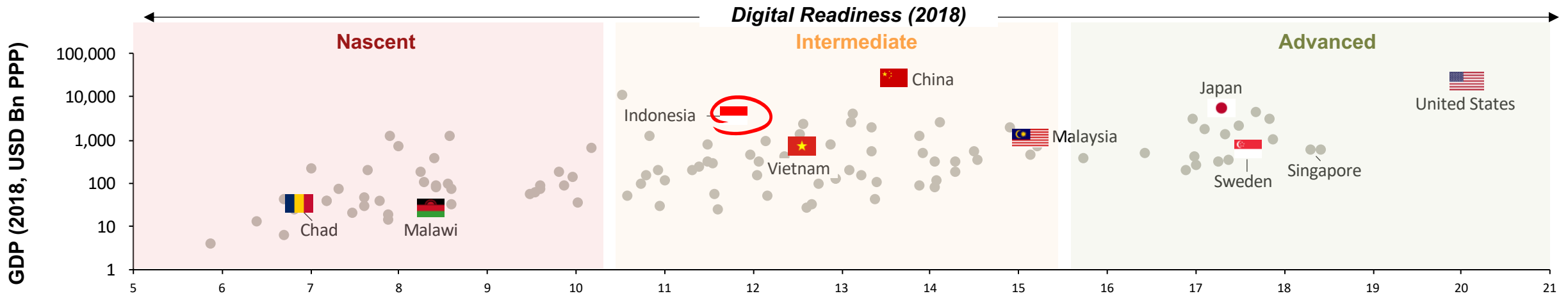
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Indonesia is at an intermediate stage of digital readiness.....

Country digital maturity

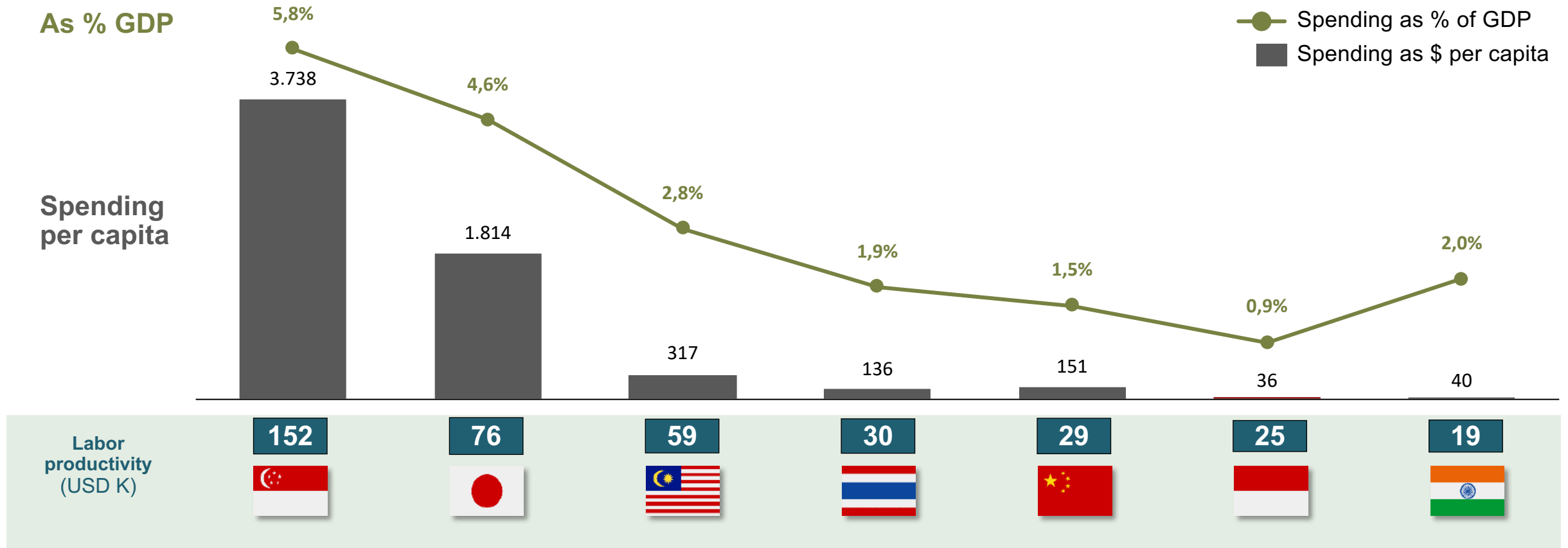


	Nascent	Intermediate	Advanced
Digital CX	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manual local engagement, low digital affordability 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Focus on mobile platforms with rapid adoption of app based services 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Seamless Omni-Channel experience with advanced personalisation
Digital Ops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Low priority, exception of financial services 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Point based application of digital and Focus on digital upskilling of w/force 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced use of analytics, automation and skilled workforce
Digital Infra-structure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limited data infrastructure and connectivity concentrated in select areas 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Focus on scaling infrastructure - focus on connectivity & devices 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Focus on infrastructure upgrades, innovation and security

Source: GMSA: Achieving economic growth and fiscal stability in Chad , Better than cash alliance, Gartner – Verticals Forecast WW 2017Q1, Cisco – Digital Readiness Index, World Bank GDP

And Indonesia spends less on digital than its Global and Asian peers

Information and communications technology spending¹ (2018, USD)



But, Indonesia has a potential in digital economy

It is predicted that in 2025 Indonesia digital Indonesia will achieve US\$ 133 Bn and in 2030 becoming Top 10 digital economy

Geografi & Demografi



± **271.3** Juta Populasi
± **17** Ribu Pulau
1.9Jt Km² Wilayah
514 Kota/Kabupaten
183.4jt Jiwa Usia Produktif

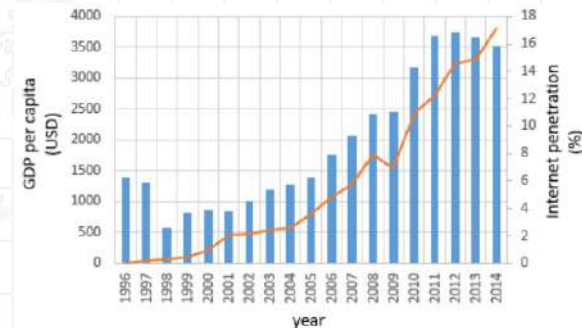
Luas wilayah yang cukup luas dan tersebar, serta jumlah populasi produktif besar menyebabkan tidak meratanya pembangunan infrastruktur ICT yang dapat mendukung pengembangan ekonomi digital

Penetrasi Digital



150 Juta Internet users
355.5 Juta Mobile Subscriptions
150 Juta Active Social Media Users
6th Peringkat Penetrasi Internet di ASEAN

Relasi Penetrasi Digital dengan GDP di Indonesia dari waktu ke waktu



Pelaku Usaha



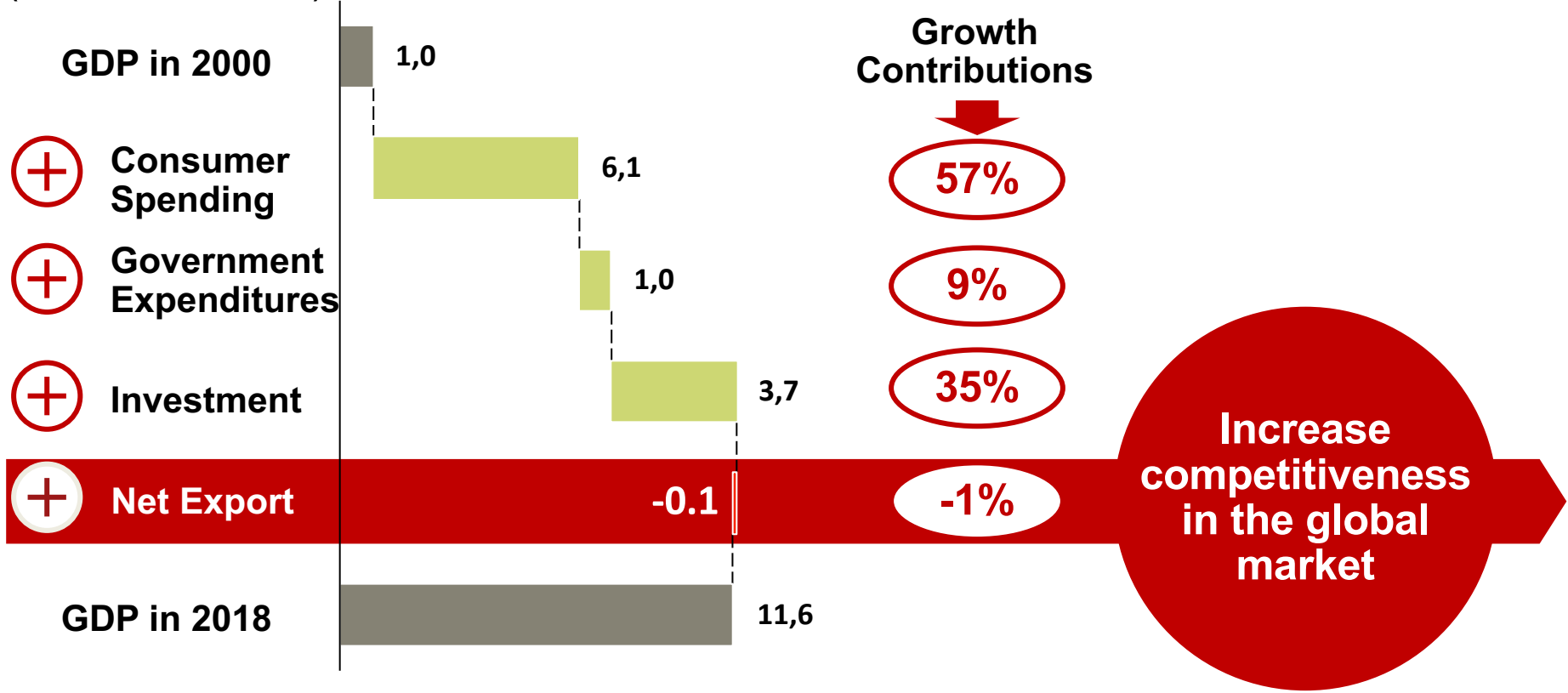
± **58** Juta UMKM **14%** Go Digital
± **4** Startups Unicorns
± **2156** Startups

- Sebaran UMKM mayoritas berada di wilayah Pulau Jawa
- Jumlah unbanked people juga cukup besar, jumlah inklusi saat ini 59% dimana target pemerintah 75%

To meet its aspiration to be a global top 10 economy by 2030, Indonesia will need to significantly increase its competitiveness.....

Factors contributing to Indonesia's GDP growth

(Index: 2000 = 1)



Global GDP Ranking¹ (Nominal)

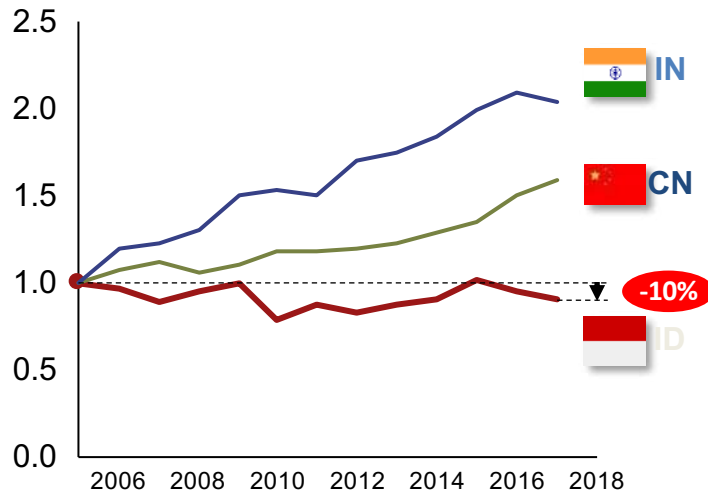
1		US
2		China
3		Japan
4		Germany
:		
10		Indonesia in 2030
:		
16		Indonesia in 2018

1. Based on nominal GDP value in USD
Source: World Bank, A.T. Kearney

Currently, Indonesia faces multiple challenges to compete in the global market

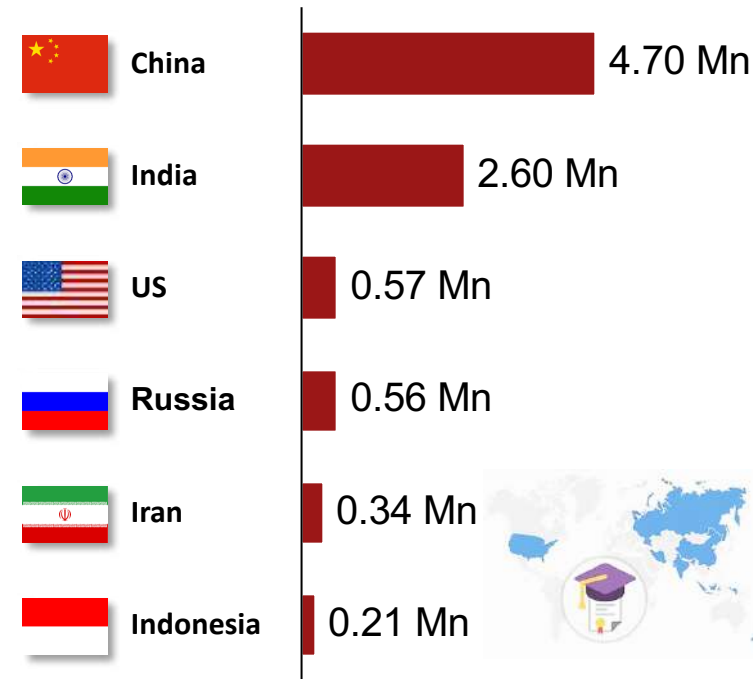
Key Challenges of Indonesia's Economy

Productivity / Cost Comparison
(Index: 2005 = 1)

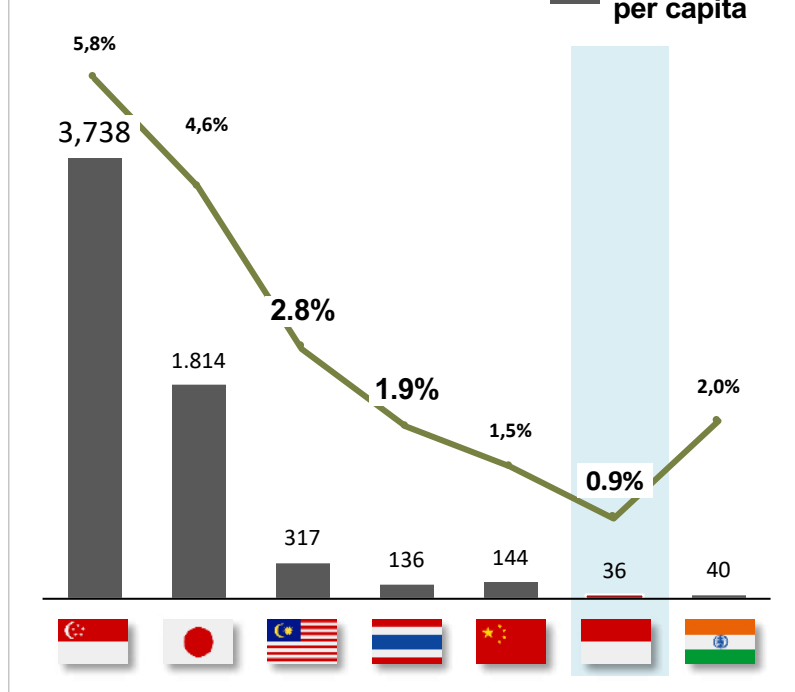


Indo's 2006-18 Changes	Productivity	Cost
	+46%	+58%

Countries by STEM Graduates¹
(Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics)



ICT Spending
(USD, 2018)



Low labor productivity

Lack of skilled labor

Slow digitalization

Note: 1 Data on number of annual graduates in Science technology and mathematics in 2016
 Source: Gartner (2017), The Conference Board; Total Economy Database "Output, Labor and Labor Productivity, 1950-2017", Economist Intelligence Unit, World Bank, Survey of Adult Skills (PIAAC) – 2015, A.T. Kearney analysis

Digitalization is the key to strengthen the nation

Digitalization Potential – Indonesia's Industry Challenges

Selected Examples

Agriculture	Logistics	Transportation	Healthcare	Finance	Government
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Market access for >40M farmers via ecommerce Yield improvement by IOT/AI 	Digital logistics / SCM to reduce x2 high logistics cost than Thailand	Traffic control system to solve the notorious traffic issues	National medical record system to improve quality of medical service for all Indonesians	Financial services for 180M 'Unbanked' population	e-government for more efficient services
Services	Manufacturing	Construction	Media	Retail	Education
Crowdsourcing to create job opportunities for young generations	Productivity improvement by digital to revive manufacturing sector in Indonesia	Productivity & safety improvement by digital tech for infrastructure development	Digital contents for better QOL (quality of life) for everyone	Market place to create new business for MSME ¹ to solve inequality issues	High quality education access via internet to all the Indonesians

More Job Opportunities

Better Efficiencies (Productivity)

Better Services (Quality)

Better Accessibilities to Service

Workers

Digital Technologies

Consumers



AI / Big Data

Cloud Computing

IOT / M2M

Blockchain

Advanced Robotics

Wearable



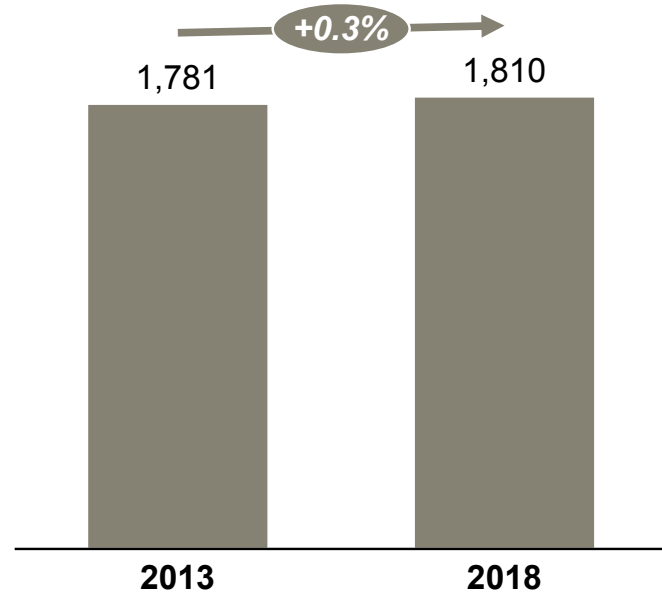
Digital Connectivity (4/5G, FTTx, NFV/SDN, Satellite)

1. Micro and small-to-medium enterprises

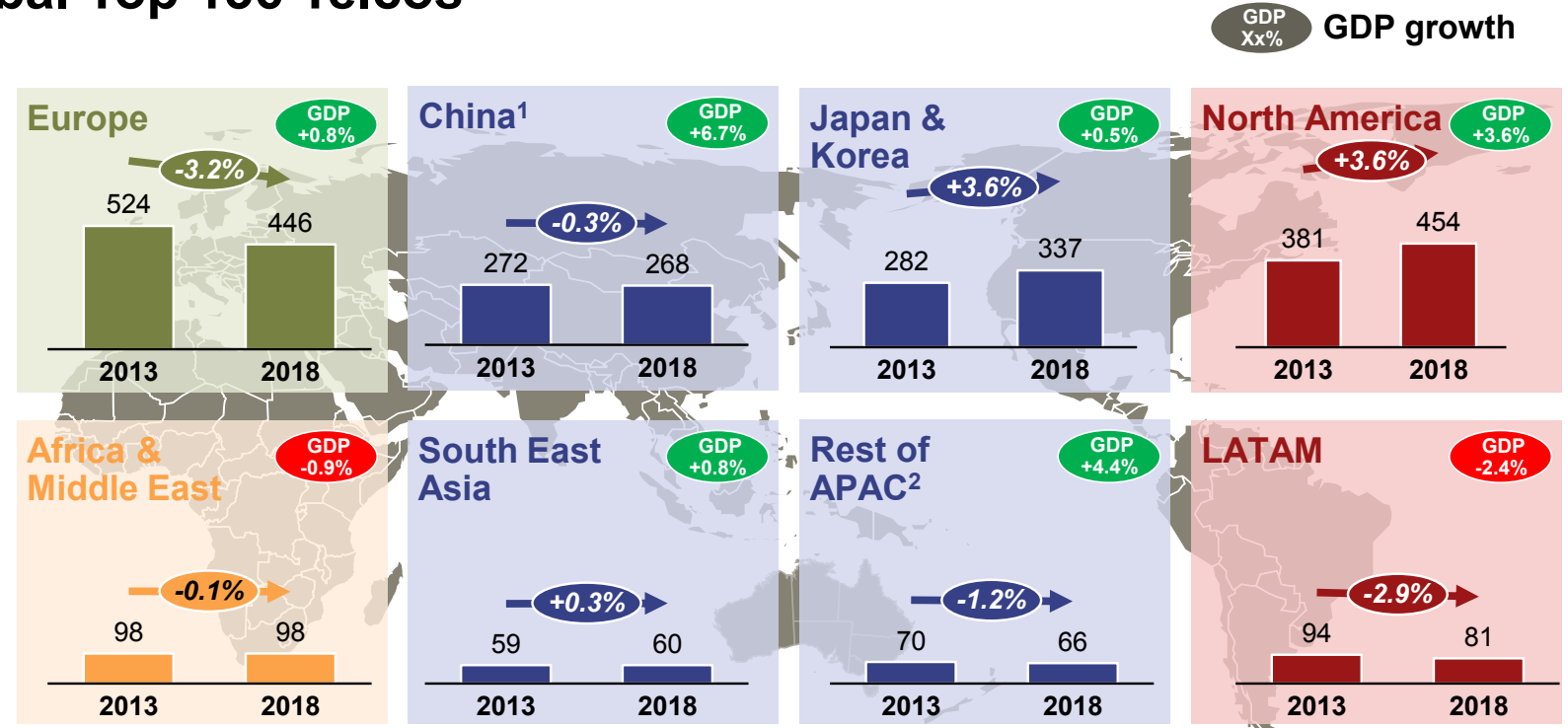
Global Trend: Telco revenues have been growing slowly globally....

Aggregated Revenue of Global Top 136 Telcos (USD Bn; 2013-18)

Global



Overall, global telco market only grew by 0.3% since 2013...



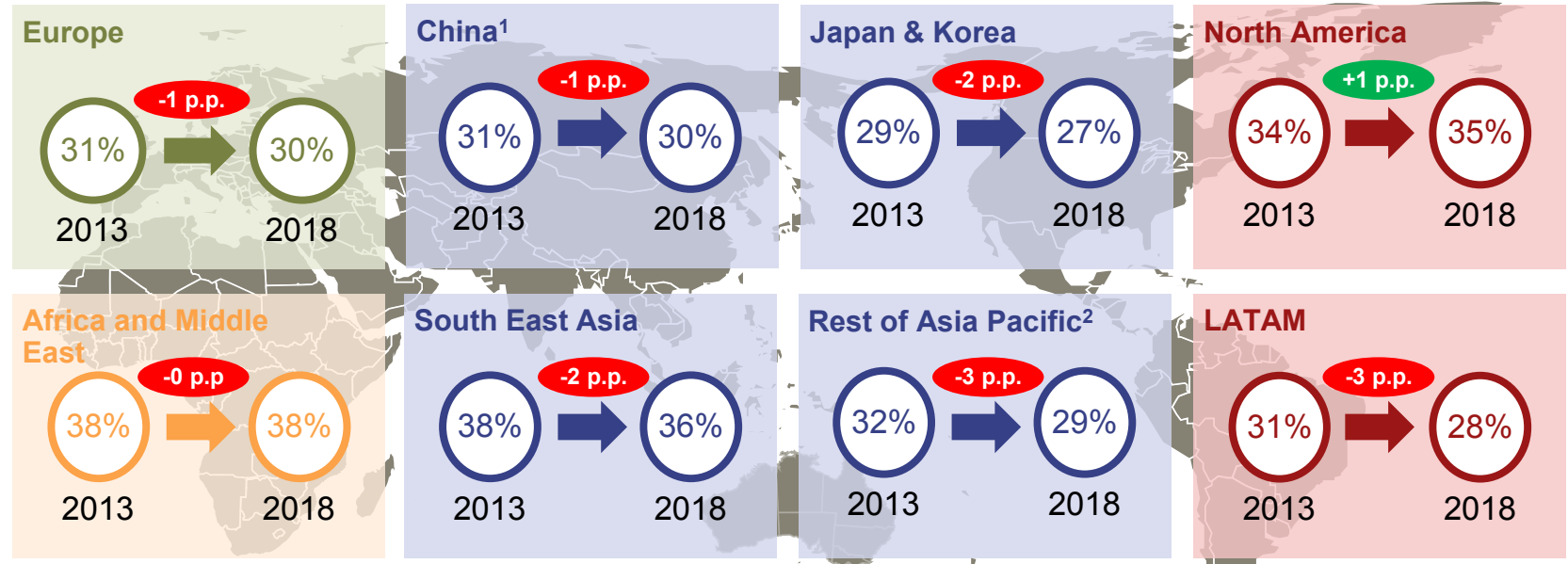
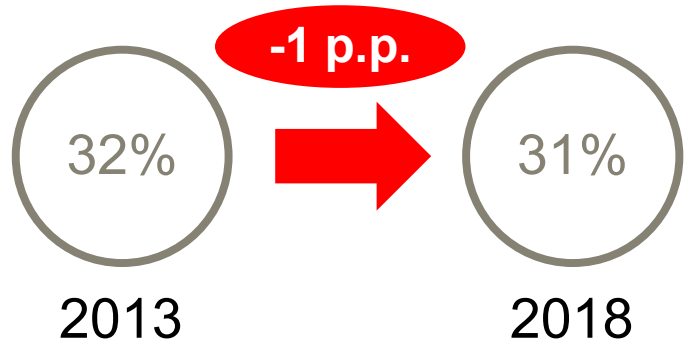
... with mixed growth across regions – Europe and LATAM declining, while North America and Japan & Korea growing

1. China incl. Hong Kong; 2. Rest of Asia (excl. China & HK, Japan, Korea and SE Asia), Australia and Oceania
Source: Capital IQ, Ovum, A.T. Kearney

EBITDA Margin of Global Top 136 Telcos

(%; 2013-18)

Global



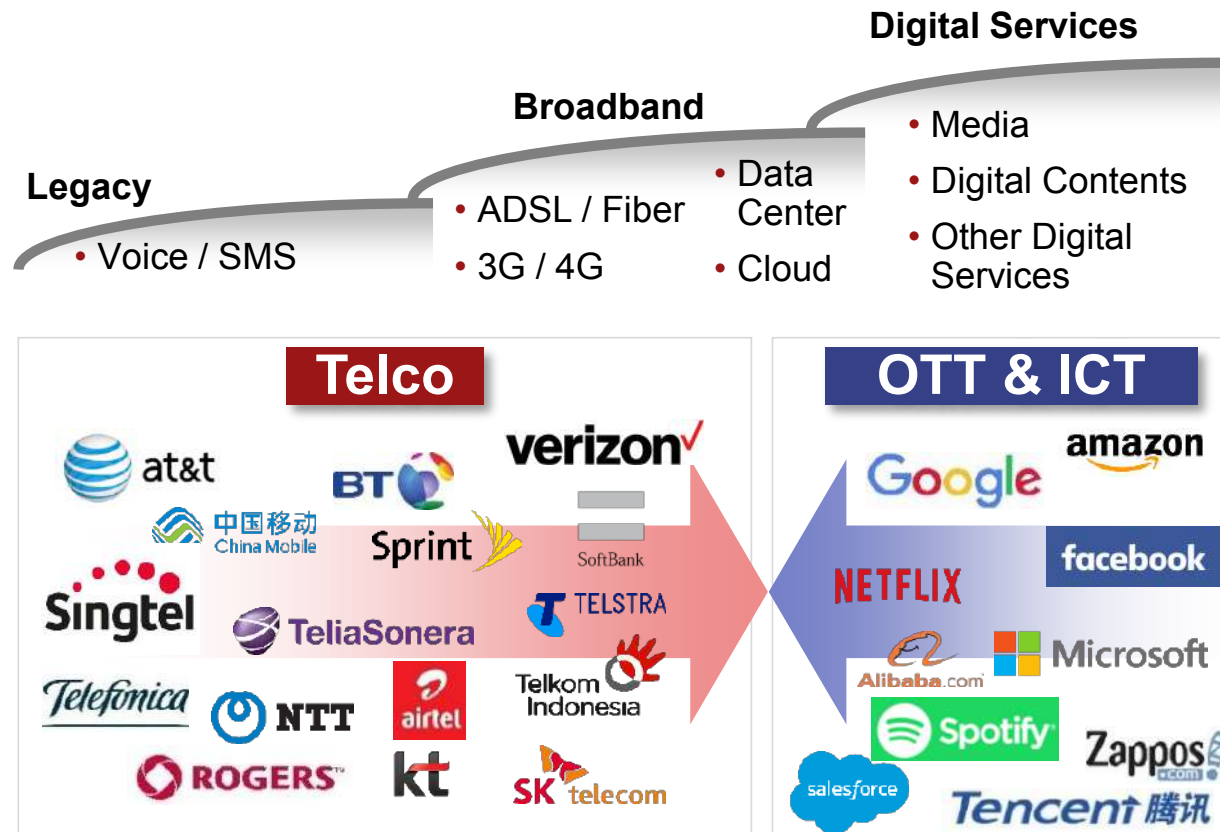
Globally, overall profitability has declined...

... with exception of North America (other regions are seeing decline in profitability)

1. China incl. Hong Kong; 2. Rest of Asia (excl. China & HK, Japan, Korea and SE Asia), Australia and Oceania
 Source: Capital IQ, Ovum, A.T. Kearney

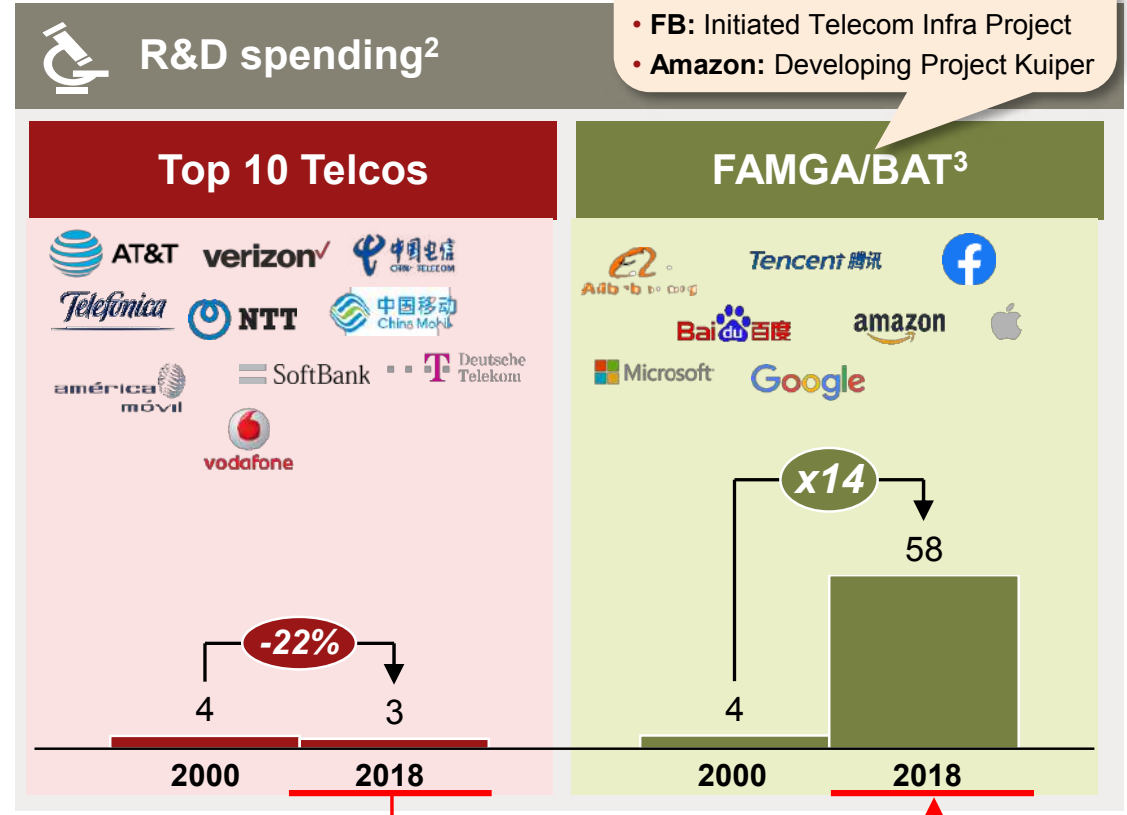
Global Market: Telco industry borders are disappearing – Telcos are facing competition against tech giants in digital businesses

Telecoms / Digital Industry Dynamics



Telco-related Innovation

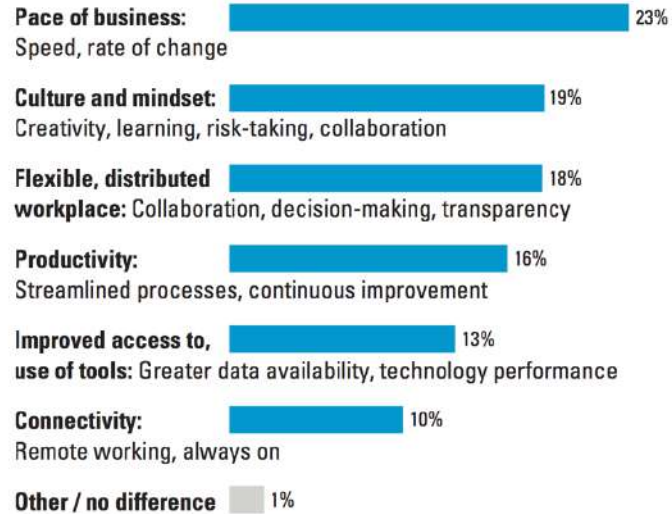
- **Google:** Launched Google Fi
- **Apple:** Released Apple Sim
- **FB:** Initiated Telecom Infra Project
- **Amazon:** Developing Project Kuiper



1. Top 10 telcos based on revenue size, 2. Not all telco and FAMGA / BAT R&D figures were disclosed – telco only represents China Telecom, Deutsche Telekom, NTT, and Telefonica, while FAMGA / BAT only represents Amazon, Apple, and Microsoft, 3. FAMGA / BAT = Facebook, Apple, Microsoft, Google, Amazon, Baidu, Alibaba, and Tencent
Source: Capital IQ, A.T. Kearney

In Digital Business companies are required to act and respond faster than they ever have before...

What is the biggest difference between working in a digital environment vs. a traditional one?



Source: MIT Sloan Management Review & Deloitte Insights' "Coming of Age Digitally"

“ IF THE RATE OF CHANGE ON THE
OUTSIDE EXCEEDS THE RATE OF CHANGE
ON THE INSIDE, THE END IS NEAR. ”

—
JACK WELCH

THE NEW GRAND CHALLENGE IN DIGITAL ERA: Innovation in Digital continues to accelerate ...



DIGITAL

- **Perfect quality** at nearly **zero cost**,
- Delivered almost **instantaneously**
- In the age of **big data**, we **can measure** the world in ways we never could before



EXPONENTIAL

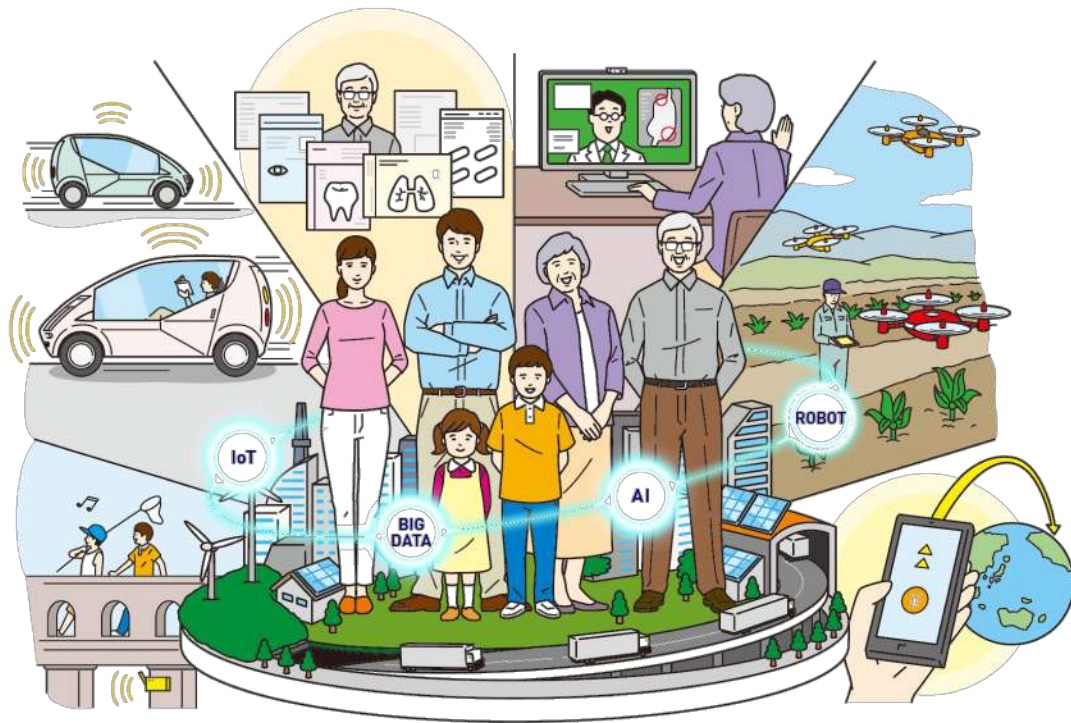
- Computers **get better faster** than anything else ever
- A child's "Play station" today is **more powerful** than a military "Super" computer 1996
- Exponential **trends** take us by **surprise**



COMBINATORIAL

- The **stagnation view** is that ideas get **used up**
- the reality is that **each innovation creates building blocks** for even more innovations
- Built Innovation (apps) **on top off...**

The self-driving car is a current example of a whole lot of different technologies—digital mapping, GPS, machine learning, developments in laser and infrared sensor technology—coming together to create something truly innovative.



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TELKOM's Innovation Model
and New Way of Working

Telkom Group has redefined its purpose, vision and mission to contribute to the national aspirations in their digital transformation

Telkom's New Purpose, Vision and Missions



To transform into a Digital Telco, TELKOM has 3 Main Initiatives

Digitization, Digitalization and New Ways of Working

Digital Transformation for TELKOM Indonesia

Improve FCF

- Increase efficiency:
- Modernize network & IT
- Increase EV (CX Impact)

Improve ROI

- Protect value share on connectivity services
- Capture new revenue streams

1 DIGITIZATION Transforming into a digitised enterprise

Digitize operations (e.g. process automation)




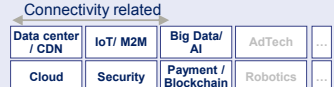

Transform back-end functions



Digital Touch Point Customer Interface



2 DIGITALIZATION : Building a digital business

DIGITAL CONNECTIVITY	DIGITAL PLATFORM	DIGITAL SERVICES
Provide Data Connection	Provide Platform to Enable Businesses on Top	Services on Digital Platform or Independent Services
		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oligopoly (short-tail) – regulated • Stable cashflow • High capex • Monetize from end-users • Digital platform will be build on top 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mid-tail – limited winners • Stable cashflow, once user base established • Mid-low capex • Monetization may not come from end-users • Digital services will evolve on top 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Long tail – limited winners • Volatile cashflow • Low capex (but high marketing cost) • Monetize from end-users • Scaled digital service can become platform

3 New Ways of Working

People



Building Talent and Leadership for Digital Future

Culture



Building Digital and Innovation Culture

Organization



Creating Agile/Flexible Organization

TELKOM'S PORTFOLIO/BUSINESS DOMAIN DIRECTION

Telkom Group will focus on leveraging its core strengths in Connectivity to expand into Digital Platforms and select Digital Services

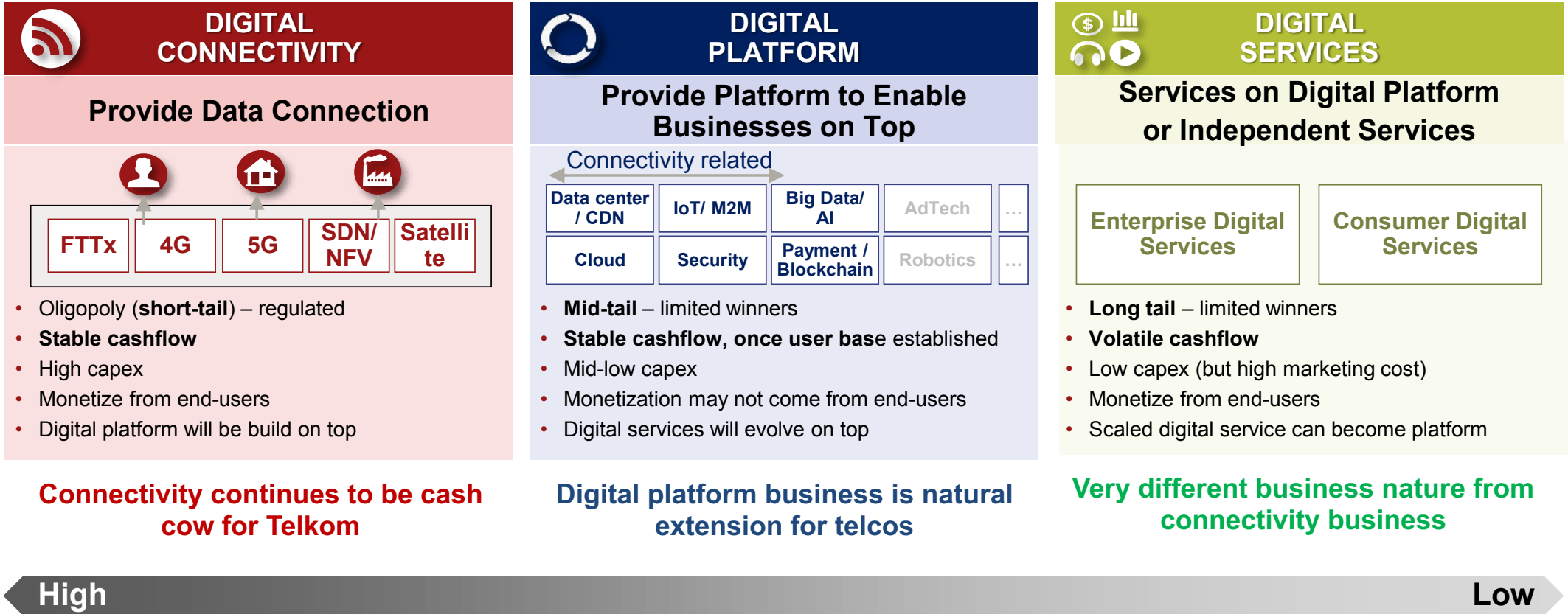
Definition:

Business / Technology Examples:

Business Nature:

Rationale:

Telco's Core Competency Level:



“Indonesian Maju” Vision lays out 4 priorities for 2019-24 – where national digital platforms can help support

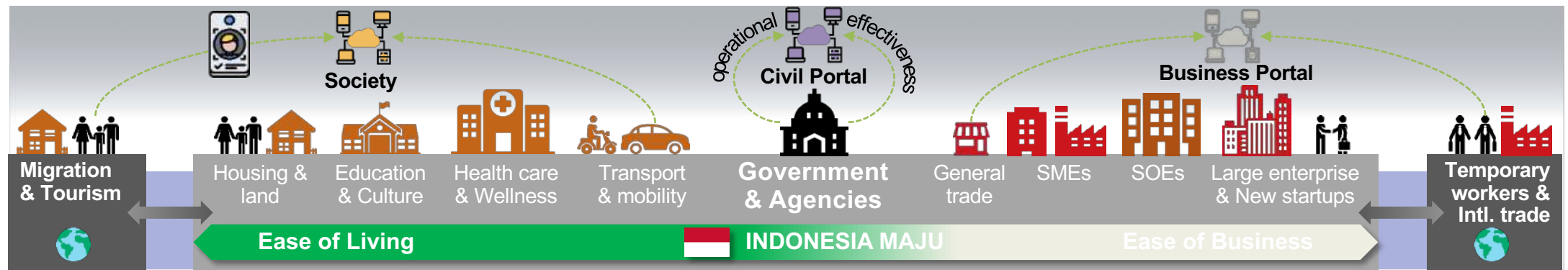
Indonesia Maju 2019-24

Not exhaustive

4
Priorities

- 1 Human resource quality upgrade**
preparing brighter future for next-generation of Indonesians
- 2 Nationwide infrastructure development**
accelerating infrastructure development for economic progress
- 3 Economy transformation**
increasing Indonesia’s economic competitiveness
- 4 Government and bureaucracy reform**
increasing efficiency of government and reduce red tape

Advancing
Indonesia
Vision



Technology
enablers

- Storage (Data Center)**
Dedicated storage of Big data sets
Servers allow for private databases to manage and automate access
- Cloud Computing**
Reduction of IT cost for small agencies through virtualization
Seamless data-sharing to increase collaboration across gvt. functions
- Blockchain**
Integrity for eGov Single Window
Enabling use of National ID for multi-purpose verification
- Big Data / AI**
RPA of administrative tasks increasing operational efficiency of civil servants

Development journey →

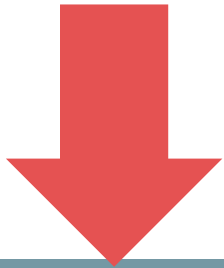
Telkom will aim to build national digital platforms by capturing digitization needs primarily for 5 key verticals

“Digital Platform play” for Telkom

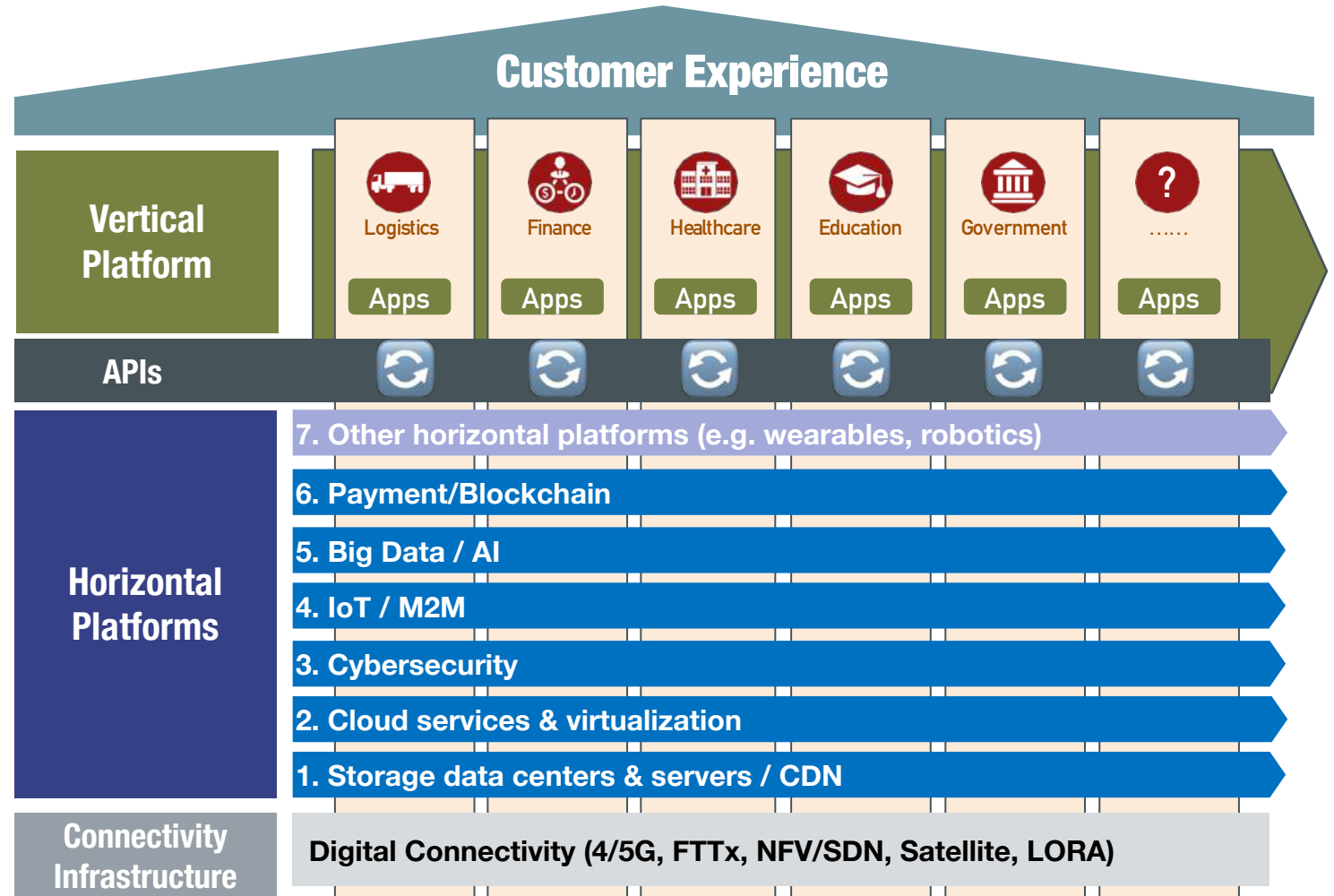
Why digitize nation?

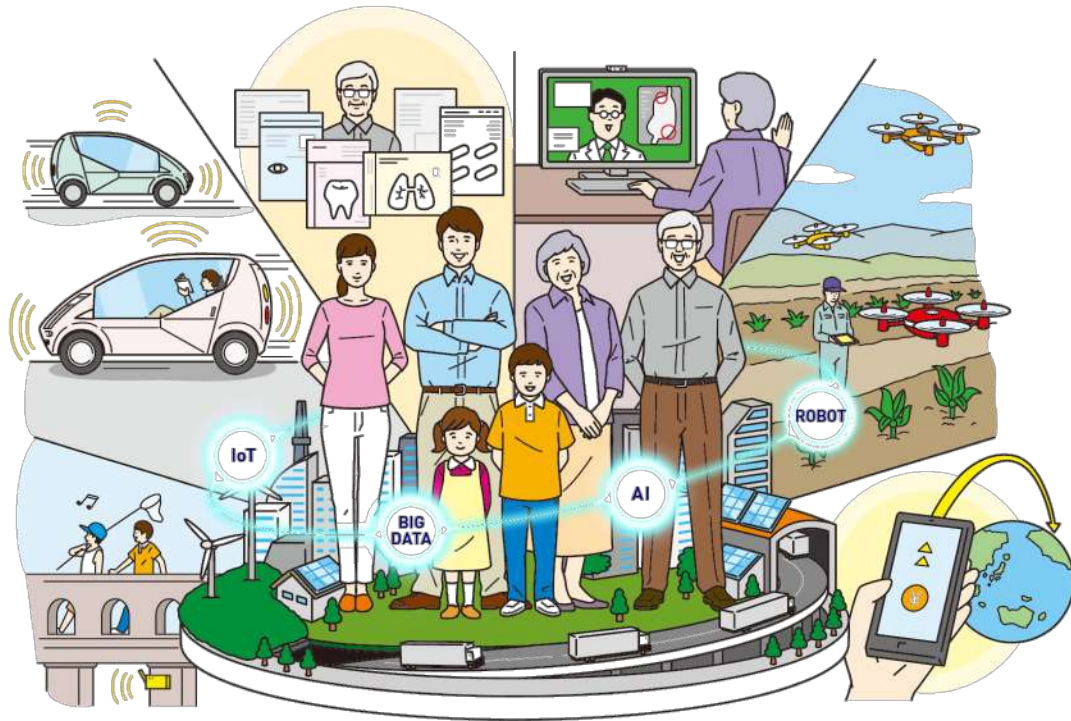


Labor productivity has not improved in the past decade – limited digitization (lowest ICT spend in ASEAN)



Telkom needs to lead the national digitization beyond connectivity and storage business





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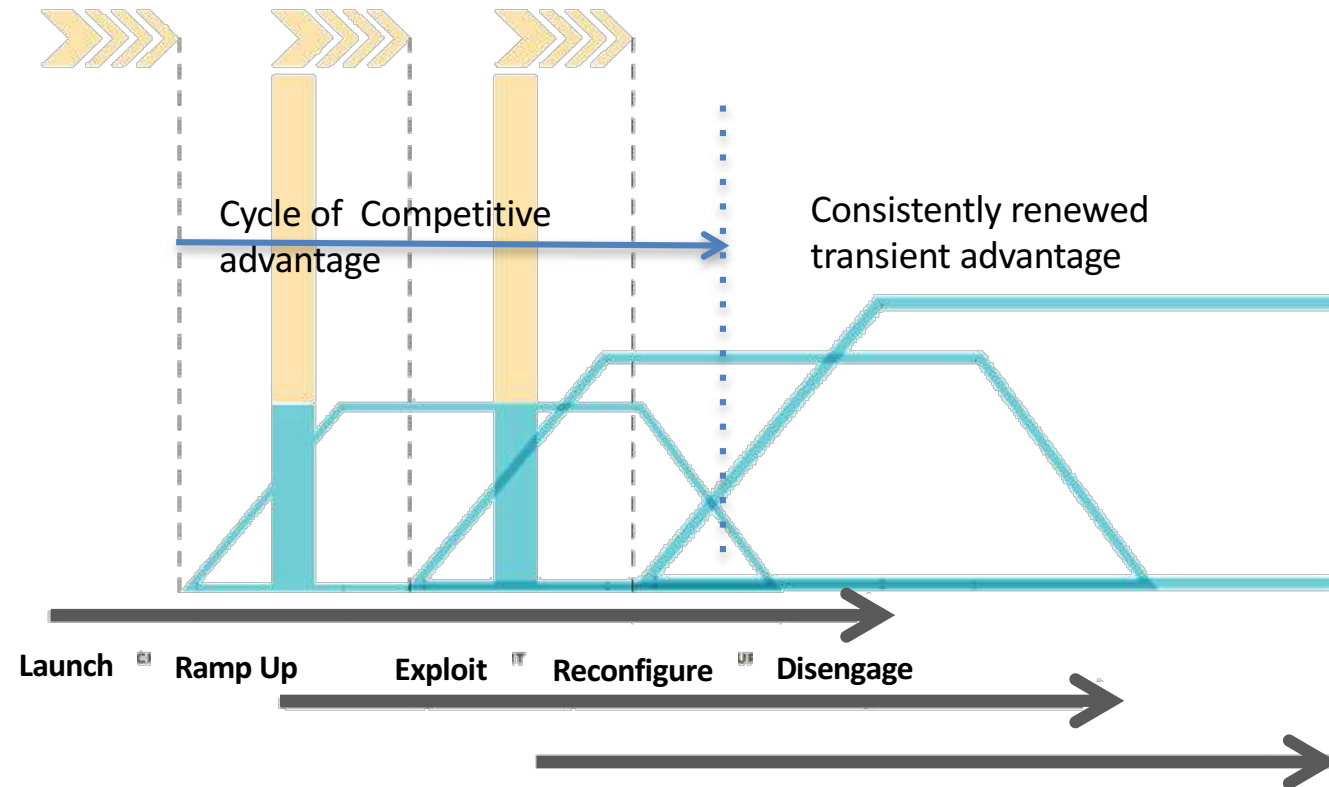
TRANSIENT ADVANTAGE: Strategy in Uncertain Environment

In Digital Era, “Sustainable Competitive Growth” Strategy is not relevant anymore



Rita Gunther McGrath

... It has to be accompanied by continuous which is known as *Transient Competitive Growth* (Rita G McGrath, HBR 2013)



Insight

- In digital, a company has to maximize **short term opportunity** (need speed and agility)
- Innovation has to be a continue process so that **second wave growth will be ready before the existing products declining**, avoiding to loose competitive advantage
- **Transient advantage requires innovative people/talent** to continue making revolution of the business (competitive advantage – Innovation – Organization change)

For digital innovation, we need to learn from small companies

Large firms, TELKOM, need to start “thinking small” to get out from legacy inertia



The screenshot shows a Fortune magazine article page. The main headline is "Startups ... inside giant companies" by Jennifer Alsever, dated April 26, 2015. The article is categorized under "STARTUPS". To the right of the article, there is a list of companies with their respective startup counts and years. The companies listed are GE, tyco, Coca-Cola, Mondelez International, Telkom Indonesia, and PT. Telekomunikasi Indonesia Tbk. (Telkom Indonesia). Below the article, there are social media sharing icons for email, Twitter, Facebook, and LinkedIn. At the bottom right, there are logos for PERTAMINA, BNI, and mandiri.

Company	Startup Count (out of total)	Year
GE	35,000 (out of 300,000)	2013
tyco	200 (out of 57,000)	2013
Coca-Cola	1,000 (out of 129,000)	2013
Mondelez International	25 (out of 100,000)	2013
Telkom Indonesia	590 (out of 25,000)	2017
PT. Telekomunikasi Indonesia Tbk.	Initiation	-

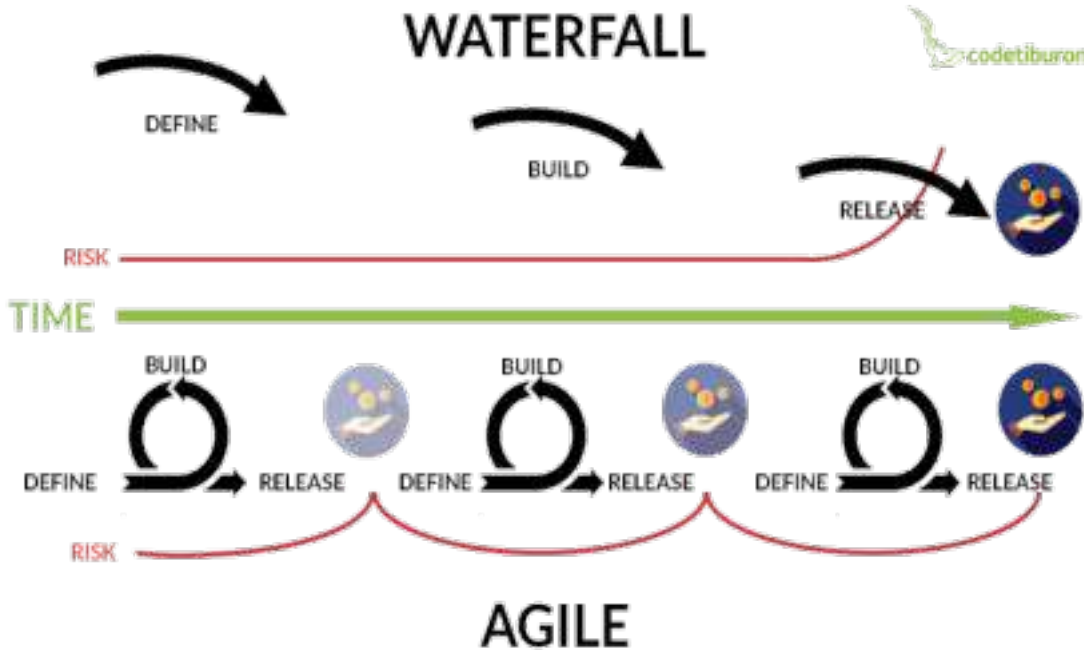
Innovation belongs to the **small** and **nimble**, right? That’s what GE, IBM, Coke, and others think. They’re launching “startups” inside their walls, seeking the **elixir** of **creativity**.

DIGITAL WAYS OF WORKING : TRIBES, SQUADS AND CHAPTER

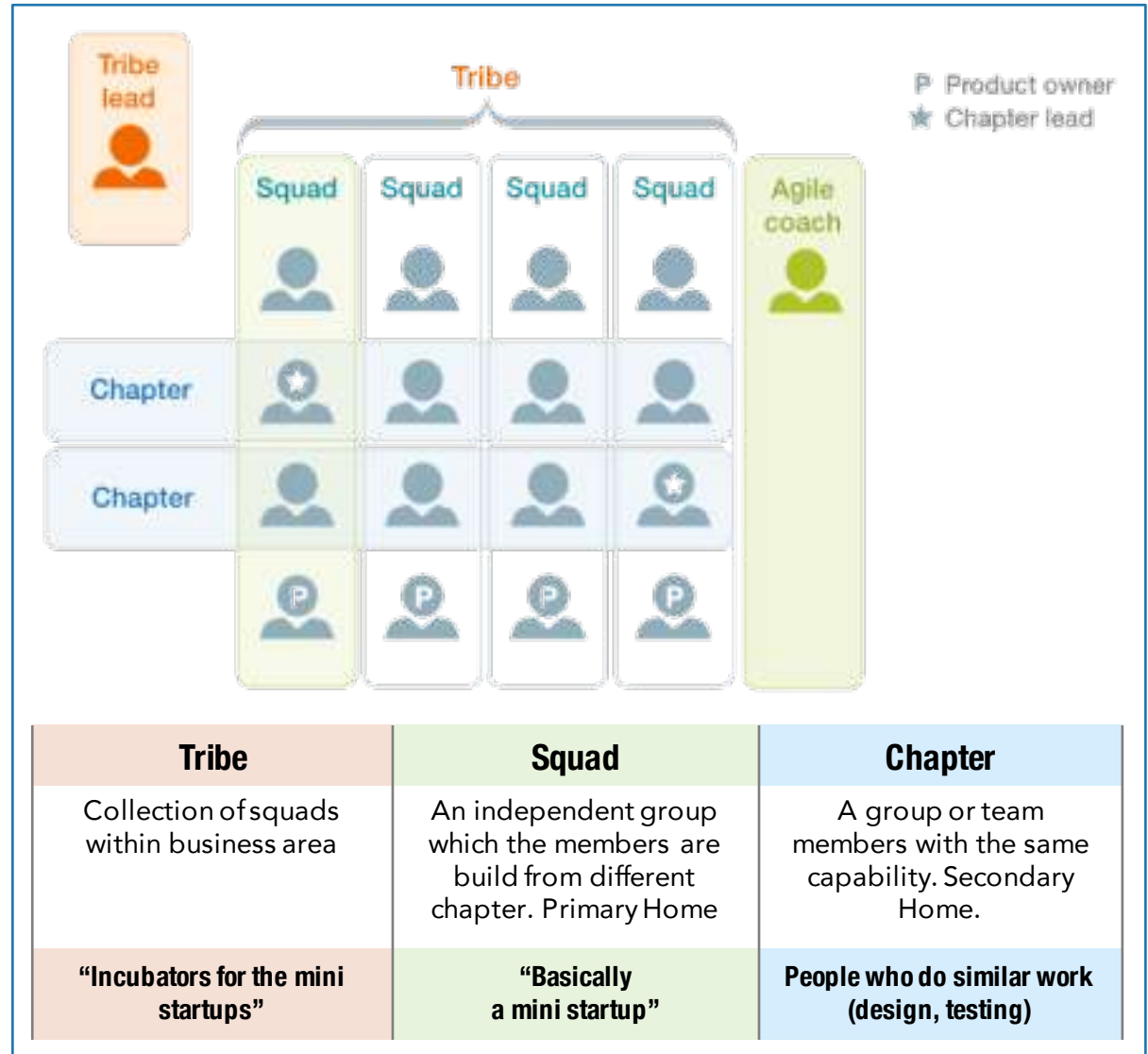
Agile Management is the best approach due to rapidly changing environment.

Tribes, Squads, and Chapters are part of agile management of the future workplace

- Designing, development, testing, etc. are completed once in the Waterfall Model
- Definite requirements and changes not at all expected
- Team coordination/synchronization is very limited.

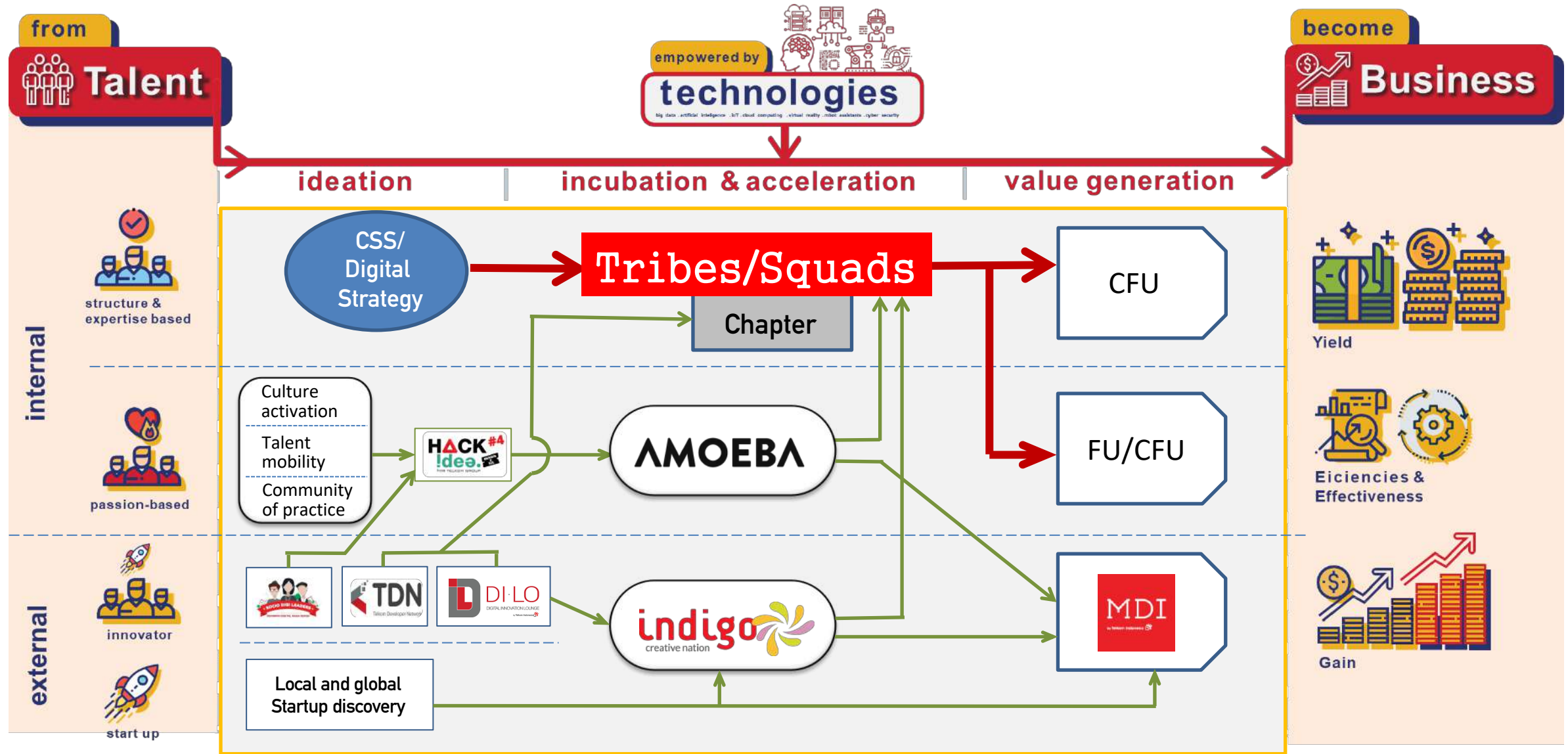


- Agile methodology : an iterative development approach
- The requirements are expected to change and evolve
- Small dedicated teams with a high degree of coordination and synchronization



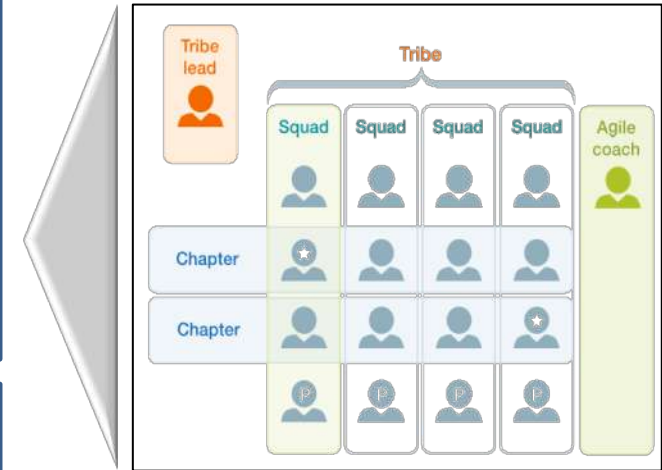
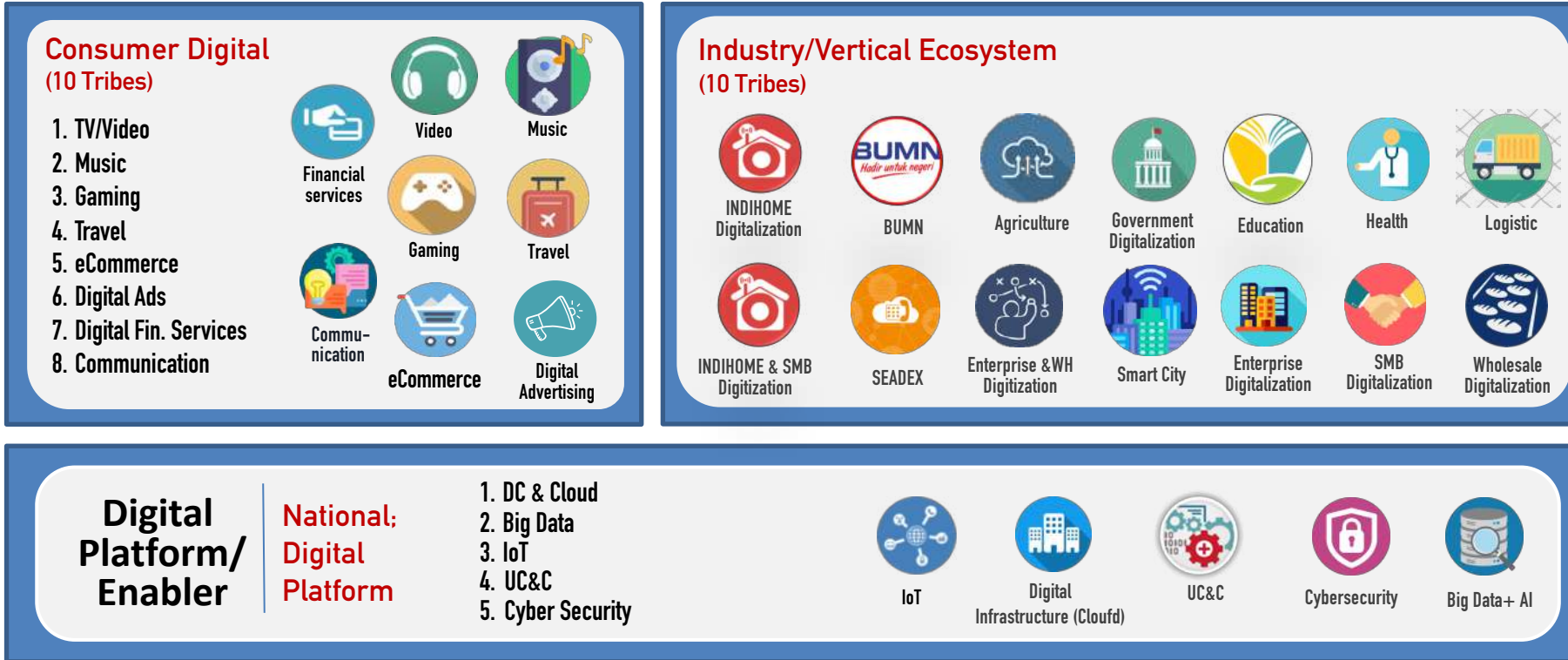
TELKOM'S Digital Innovation Framework...

Innovation Led that is supported by passion based innovation from both internal and external founders/startups



“Digital Platform/Enabler & Digital Ecosystem Factory” are developed based on our new “Digital Ways of Working” (Tribes/Squads and Chapter)

DIGITAL ECOSYSTEM FACTORY





**THANK
YOU**